Comparison of Recommendations in

Tobacco Education and Research Oversight Committee's Public Comment on Marijuana Regulation in California ¹
with the Blue Ribbon Commission's Pathways Report: Policy Options for Regulating Marijuana in California ²
Rachel Barry and Stanton Glantz, UCSF (July 27, 2015)

Rachel Barry and Stanton Glantz, UCSF (J Recommendation	TEROC	BRC
Sales		
Protect local control	Yes	Yes (p. 23)
Require retailers be licensed with fees that cover costs of administration and	Yes	Yes (p. 88)
enforcement Restrict sales to 21 and older	Yes	\mathbf{V}_{os} $(\mathbf{p}, 25)$
		Yes (p. 25)
Require ID verification at point of sale Prohibit vending machine sales	Yes Yes	Yes (p. 25) No
Prohibit self-service displays, with vendor assisted only sale	Yes	No
Smokefree Laws	105	140
Protect local control	Yes	Yes
Prohibit marijuana use wherever tobacco smoking is prohibited	Yes	Yes (p. 25)
Wherever e-cigarettes are prohibited	Yes	No
Marketing/Advertising		
Prohibit advertising appealing to youth	Yes	Yes (p. 74)
Prohibit advertising on billboards, television, radio	Yes	No
Prohibit marketing to minors	Yes	Yes (p. 36)
Prohibit cartoon characters	Yes	Yes (p. 42)
Prohibit marketing within 1,000 feet of schools and playgrounds	Yes	No
Prohibit free sampling, sport and cultural event sponsorship	Yes	Mentioned [†] (p. 46)
Prohibit coupons	Yes	Mentioned [†] (p. 46)
Prohibit payments to promote marijuana in movies	Yes	No
Packaging		
Child resistant packaging	Yes	Yes (p. 25)
Strong health warning label with THC levels	Yes	Yes (p. 25)
Taxation	V	
Tax based on THC level and not based on weight	Yes Yes	Mentioned ^{\dagger} (p. 51)
Dedicate portion of tax to prevention, surveillance, and research Health Education and Prevention	res	Yes (p. 26)
Media campaign		
Aimed at general population?	Yes	Yes (p. 68)
Harms of marijuana	Yes	Yes (p. 68)
Reducing secondhand smoke exposure	Yes	No
Countermarketing highlighting marijuana industry marketing tactics	Yes	No
Motivating marijuana users to quit and providing free services	Yes	No
Harms and consequences of drugged driving	Yes	Yes (p. 68)
Potency education	Yes	No
Adverse effects on environment	Yes	Mentioned [†] (p. 70)
Community-based education		
Reflects cultural and ethnic diversity	Yes	Mentioned [†] (p. 10 and 68)
Tailored to specific populations (LGBT, African American, young adults) to	Yes	Mentioned [†] (p.10)
address health disparities		
School-based education		
Emphasized?	No‡	Yes (p. 27)
Freatment	Yes	Yes (p. 27)
Surveillance		
Youth and adult prevalence	Yes	Yes (p. 26)
Dual use	Yes	Yes (p. 26)
Sales to youth	Yes	Yes (p. 64)
Research		
Related to marijuana use, both occasional and frequent, and with other	Yes	Yes (p.64)
substances (tobacco, alcohol, and other drugs)		
Safety and health risks (poison control center calls, cardiovascular, respiratory	Mentioned [†]	Yes (p. 65)
and brain development)		/ //
Market research on resulting marijuana industry	Yes	Yes (p. 64)
Tobacco Education Research Oversight Committee. Public Comment on Mariju		
https://tobacco.ucsf.edu/sites/tobacco.ucsf.edu/files/u9/TEROC%20Letter%20to		
Newsom G, Soltani A, Humphreys K. Pathways Report: Policy Options for Reg		i in California. Blue Ribbon
Commission on Marijuana Policy: July 22, 2015. <u>https://www.safeandsmartpolic</u>	<u>cy.org/wp-</u>	
content/uploads/2015/07/BRCPathwaysReport.pdf.		
Mentioned in report, but not recommended.		
[‡] For further information on TEROC's recommendations on engaging youth and		
activities appropriate for their age, interests, and skills see Objective 5: Prevent Y		
Fobacco in Changing Landscapes: Countering New Threats. The 2015-17 Master		
<i>Oversight Committee for California</i> (p. 61-64). California Department of Public http://cdph.ca.gov/services/boards/teroc.	Treatur: January 20	015.
un://cann_ca_gov/services/boards/teroc		